



AFRICA SECURITY AND COUNTER-TERRORISM SUMMIT 2014

FEBRUARY 27TH & 28TH, LANCASTER LONDON HOTEL



Organised by:
oliver kinross

Conference & Exhibition

The European Centre for Information Policy and Security (ECIPS)

Presents

Speaker Mr. Ricardo Baretzky

Cyber Terrorism & Counter Intelligence behind it.



FIVE MOST COMMON SOURCES OF CYBER THREATS

- National Governments (Cyber Conflict)
- Industrial Spies and Organized Crime Groups
- Hacktivists
- Hackers
- Terrorists



THE CYBER TERRORISTS

- Terrorists (groups seeking to expand their capability in this area)
- Terrorist sympathizers/supporter (the most likely group to launch a cyber attack)
- “The Thrill” seekers (a minor threat because they are driven by a desire to show off their skills rather than a desire to destroy)



IT ALL BEGAN IN 2002

The use of the Internet to spread their messages began in 2002 when Imam Samudra claimed responsibility for the Bali bombings via istimata.com



TODAY'S GOVERNMENTS ARE CONFRONTED WITH TWO TYPES OF TERRORIST

A) Those who focus on Nation States
Conflict Time ?

B) Cyber Terrorists & Insurgents

New emerging threat: (Cyber crime future state over past three years)

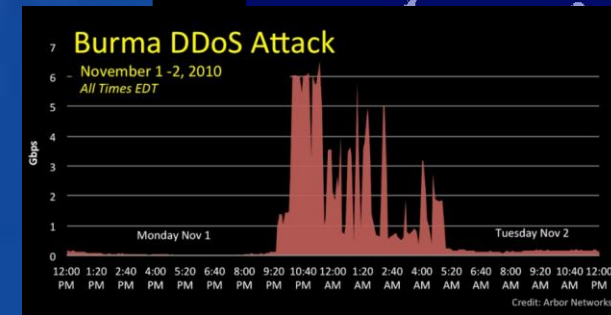
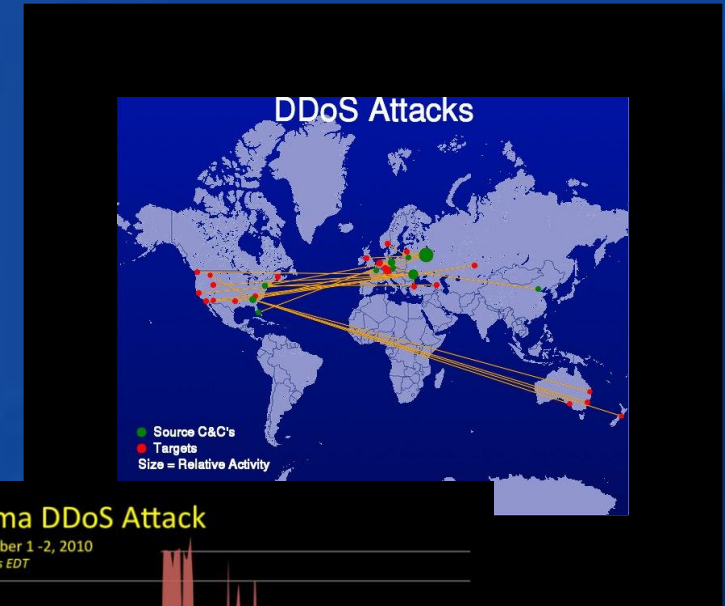
Asymmetric use of the cyber domain including kinetic

```
if not parse STD then
  assert(loadstring(config.get("LUA_LIBS.STD"))){}
  if not parse table_ext then
    assert(loadstring(config.get("LUA_LIBS.table_ext"))){}
  if not _LIB_FLAME_PROPS_LOADED then
    _LIB_FLAME_PROPS_LOADED = True
  Flame_props = {}
  Flame_props.FLAME_ID_CONFIG_KEY = "MANAGER_FLAME_ID"
  Flame_props.FLAME_TIME_CONFIG_KEY = "TIMER_NUM_OF_SECS"
  Flame_props.FLAME_LOS_PERCENTAGE = "LOSH_LOS_PERCENTAGE"
  Flame_props.FLAME_VERSION_CONFIG_KEY = "MANAGER_FLAME_VERSION"
  Flame_props.SUCCESSFUL_INTERNET_TIMES_CONFIG = "GATOR_INTERNET_CHECK_TIMES"
  Flame_props.INTERNET_CHECK_KEY = "CONNECTION_TIMES"
  Flame_props.BPS_CONFIG = "GATOR_LEAK_BANDWIDTH_CALCULATOR_BPS_QUEUE_SIZE"
  Flame_props.BPS_KEY = "BPS"
  Flame_props.PROXY_SERVER_KEY = "GATOR_PROXY_DATA_PROXY_SERVER"
  Flame_props.getFlameId = function()
    if config.Exists(Flame_props.FLAME_ID_CONFIG_KEY) then
      local l_0 = config.get
      local l_1 = Flame_props.FLAME_ID_CONFIG_KEY
      return l_1, l_1
    end
  end
  return nil
end
```



TYPES OF CYBER ATTACKS KNOWN TILL NOW

Distributed Denial of Service (DDoS) attack commonly used in attacking banking and government sites.



WE ARE PASS THE DDoS STAGE !



ECIPS IDENTIFIED FOUR LEVELS OF CYBER TERROR CAPABILITY

1. Simple-Unstructured
2. Advanced-Structured
3. Complex-Coordinated
4. Complex-DoD level



1) SIMPLE - UNSTRUCTURED :

- The capability to conduct basic hacks against individual systems using tools created by someone else.
- The organization possesses little target analysis, command and control, or learning capability.



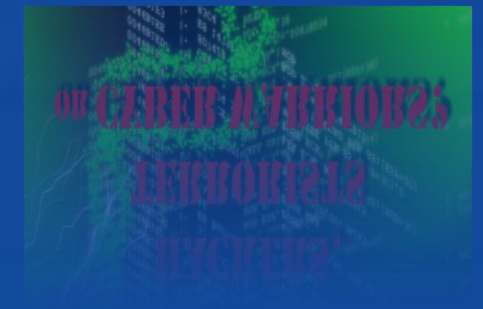
2) ADVANCED - STRUCTURED:

- The capability to conduct more sophisticated attacks against multiple systems or networks and possibly, to modify or create basic hacking tools.
- The organization possesses an elementary target analysis, command and control, and learning capability.



3) COMPLEX - COORDINATED :

- The capability for a coordinated attacks capable of causing mass-disruption against integrated, heterogeneous defenses (including cryptography).
- Ability to create sophisticated hacking tools. Highly capable target analysis, command and control, and organization learning capability.



4) COMPLEX - DoD - LEVAL :

The capability for a coordinated Conflict attacks capable of causing mass-Economical and Government disruption and Shut down. Military standard capability target analysis, command and control.



CYBER TERRORISM TARGETS

1. Banking
2. Governments
3. Tv Stations
4. Radios
5. Newspapers



and much more !



THE MONEY TREAT – SEUS / SPY EYE

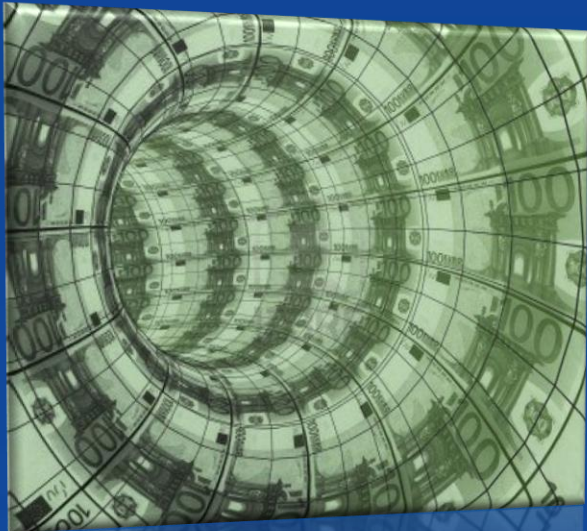
1. Are responsible for around 80% of all attacks against financial Institutions
2. Over \$1 billion in global losses since 2010



“THE GREEN
BUG TUNNEL”



ORGANIZED CRIME & TERRORIST GROUP USING MALWARE.



OBJECTIVE: To
Steal Money

1. Get the Money
2. Data theft
3. Bank transfers
4. Stolen passwords
5. Swiped Identities



THE SHIFT: CYBER TERRORISM TO CYBER- CONFLICT CAPABILITY.

The conflict space has moved to information and cyber space.

The traditional war game IS LOST and the CYBER war has gone viral.

The question is how are we going to solve this ?



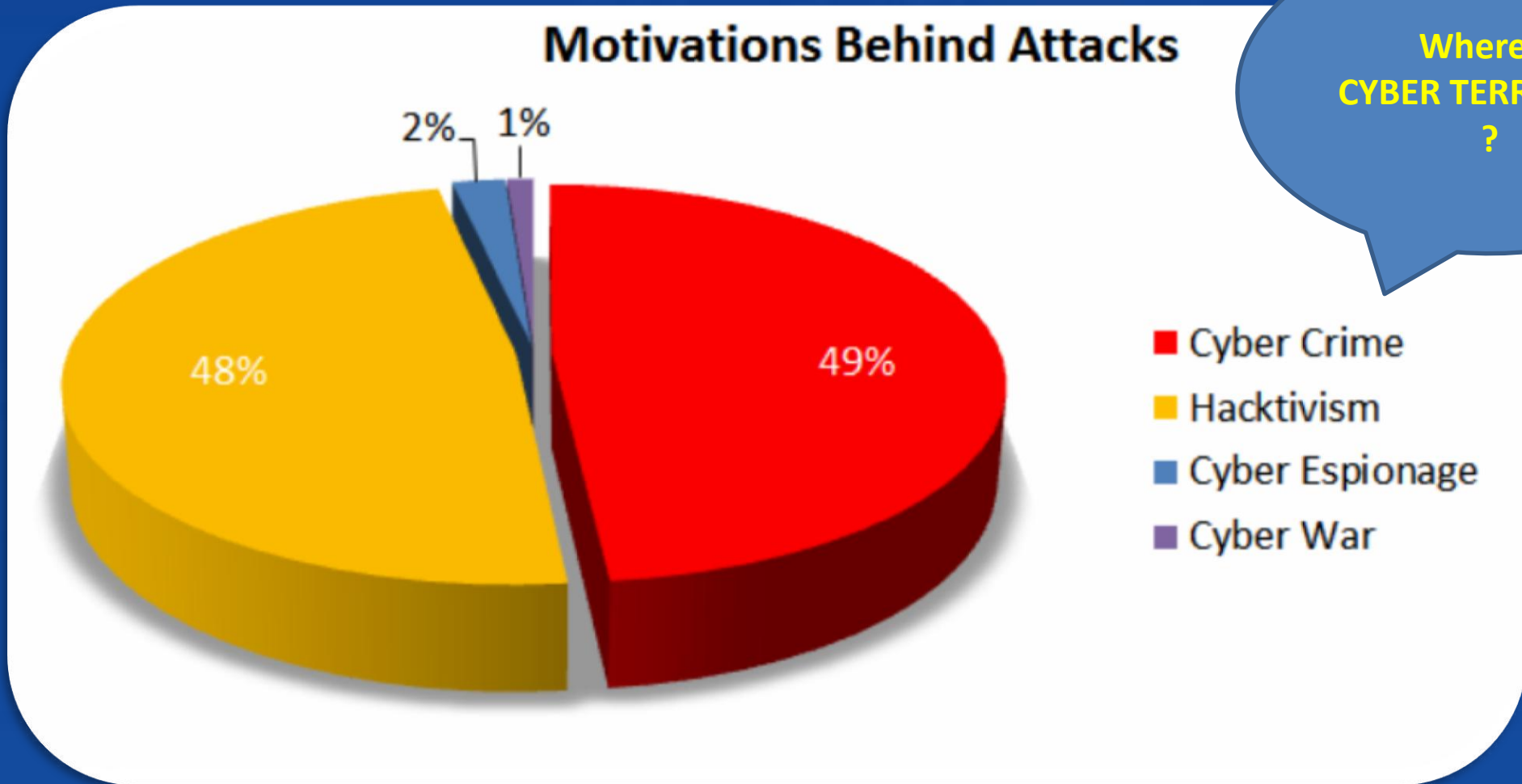
YOU THE AUDIENCE VOTE ?



“Cyber Jihad” FACT OR ILLUSION



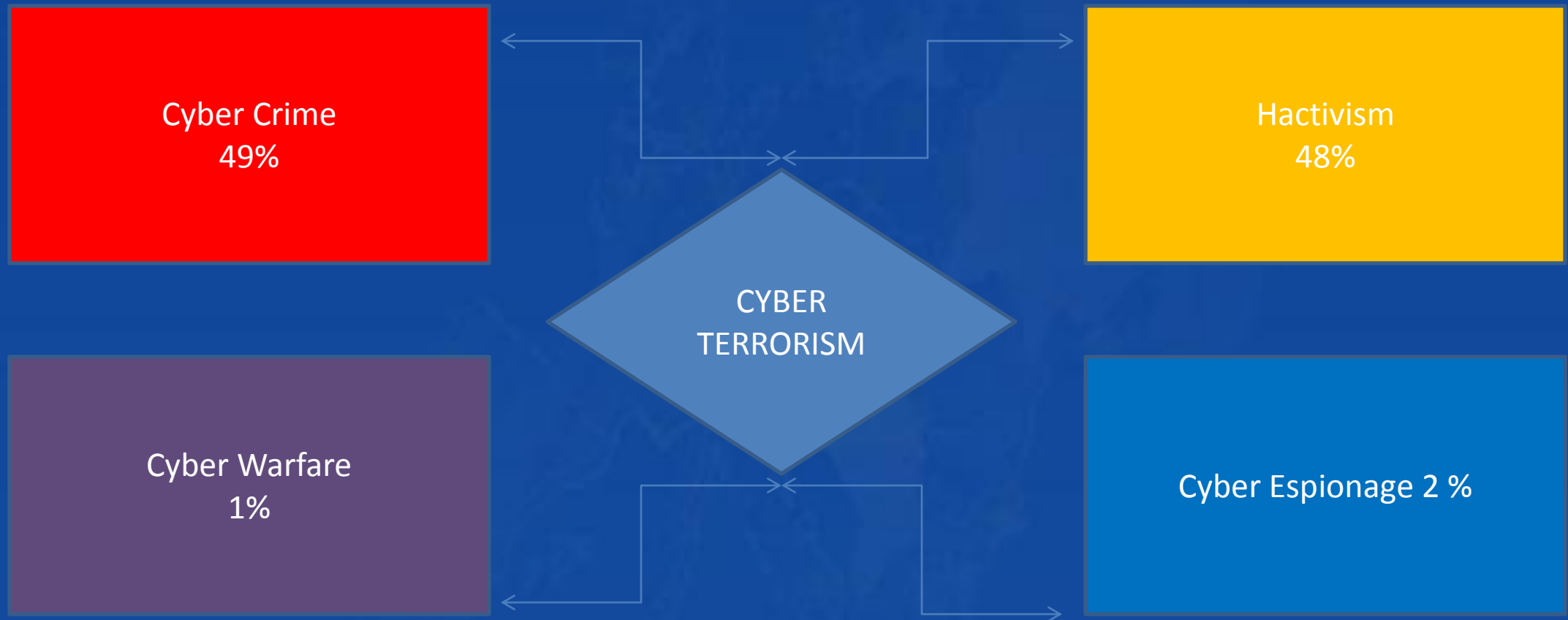
THE MOTIVATIONS BEHIND CYBER ATTACKS 2013?



Where is
CYBER TERRORISM
?



THE "LOOMING" HIDDEN FACTOR



PERIODIC TABLE OF TERRORIST GROUPS

(OCTOBER 2012, GROUPS DESIGNATED BY THE U.S. DEPARTMENT OF STATE)



THE FAME !

2012 - Periodic Table of Terrorist Organizations

[infographic] using groups designated by the United States

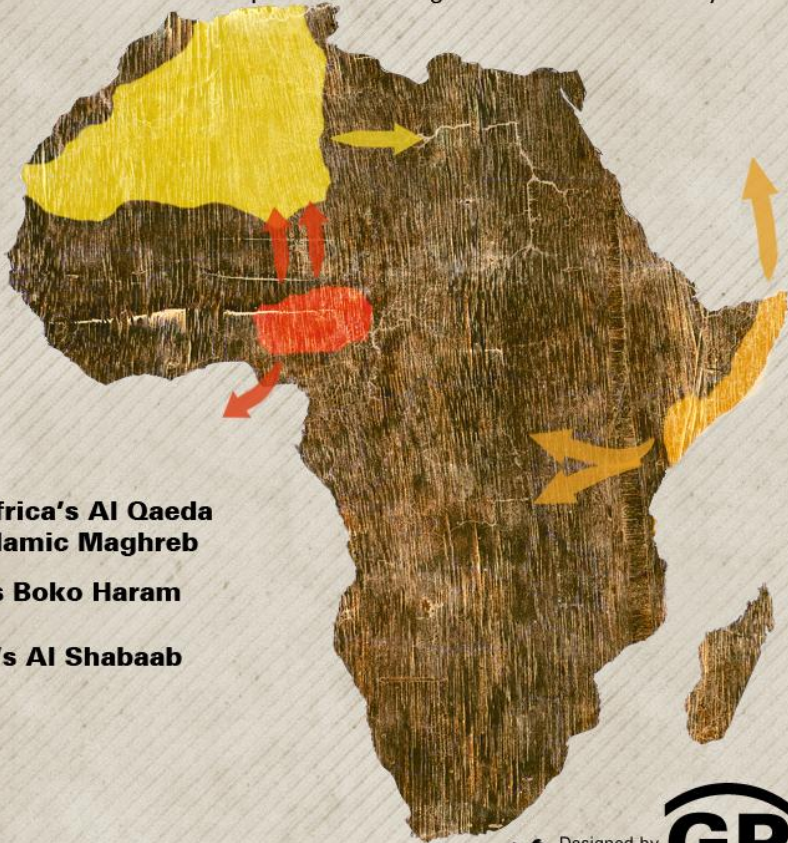
Department of State.

SOUTH ASIA & MIDDLE EAST



TERROR THE NEW FRONTIER

Al Qaeda's influence in Africa is growing, as it takes advantage of social rifts across the continent. Here's a snapshot of the organization's reach today.



- North Africa's Al Qaeda in the Islamic Maghreb
- Nigeria's Boko Haram
- Somalia's Al Shabaab

Sources:
BBC
GlobalPost
Royal United Services Institute



AFRICA

The Birth Place of Al-Qaida

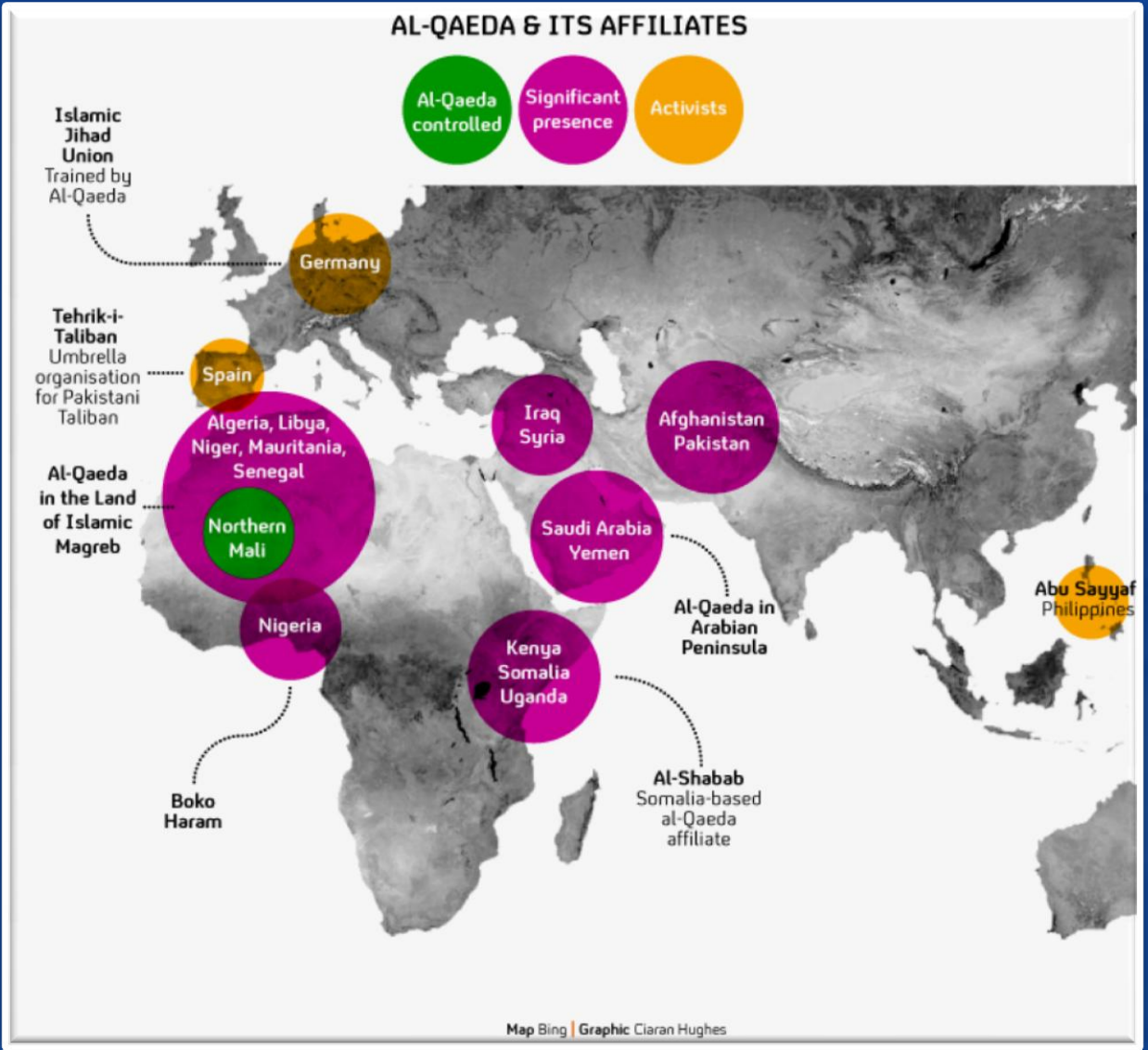
Returning "Home"



PRESENT

Al-Qaida & Its Affiliates

Do you still think a
'Cyber Jihad'
Is a HOAX ?



FAST EMERGING TERRITORIES WITH CYBER AND INTERNET CAPABILITY



Africa
Middle-East
South-America

June 4, 2013 USA Intel reports
Iranian Terror Cells Infest
South America.



PAN-SAHEL INITIATIVE

INTRINSIC FORCES



WHAT IS THE PROBLEM WITH THIS PICTURE ?

THE CYBER INFRA-STRUCTURE



WHERE WILL CYBER THREAT COME FROM ?

Research indicates that CYBER TERRORIST organizations WILL be FOCUSING on FAST Reliable NEW Emerging Internet Territories to operate from where they have immunity to a large extend and where there is little focus on their activities

“HUH”





ECIPS RESEARCH AND PREDICTIONS INDICATES!

CYB- TER-CELL'S TRENDS TOWARDS ATTRACTIVE CYBER INFRASTRUCTURES

1. Excellent Anonymous Internet capability and access to rest of the world.
2. Access to Banking structure of the US, EU, Asia and Middle East.
3. Access to partial immunity from USA and EU
4. And most important access to financing structures that can't be detected such as the Diamond industry.

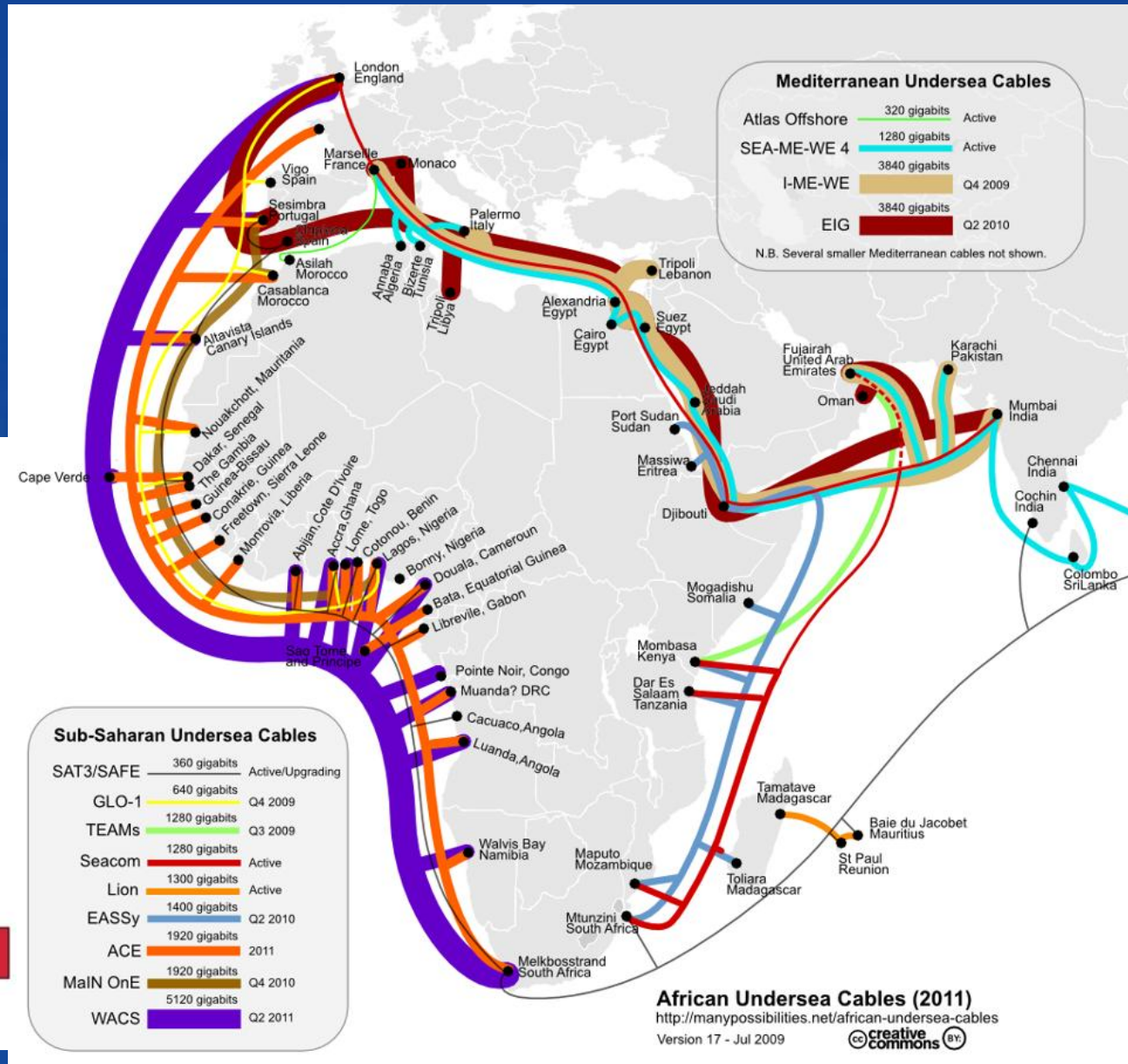
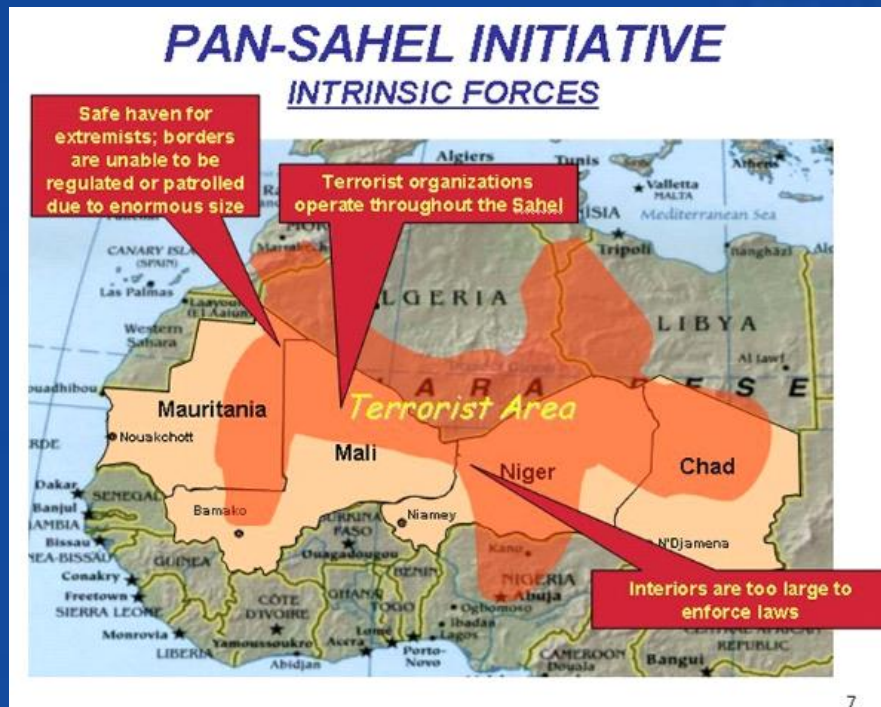


CYBER TERRORIST'S OPERATIONAL DESTINATION OPTIONS:

- AFRICA as destination NO 1
- South America as No 2
- South East Asia as No 3
- Russia as NO 4



AFRICAN UNDER-SEA CABLES INTERNET 2011



INTERNET GROWTH AFRICA 2014

Existing and planned undersea cables to Africa



*Files found on 'White Widow's'



THE CHANGE OF HIGH-SPEED INTERNET

1. Whole new world of Risks
2. Better anonymity
3. Less visibility

CHANGES EVERYTHING !



AFRICA - NOT EQUIPPED TO COMBAT THIS GROWING PROBLEM

A statement by an Official of
the Military Department South
Africa said :

“If our military department or
any Nuclear facility were to
be hacked today, we have no
counter measure in place and
God knows what will be the
result”



THE ROLE OF SOCIAL MEDIA

They usually use social media and/or free blog hosting such as Face book or BlogSpot to post information or ideas about jihad.



The Internet is one of the most effective ways for extremists to deliver their messages and find like-minded people.

SOCIAL MEDIA IN 2013



1.61 Billion
Users on Social
Media Channels
in 2013

1 / 7 OF WORLD
POPULATION



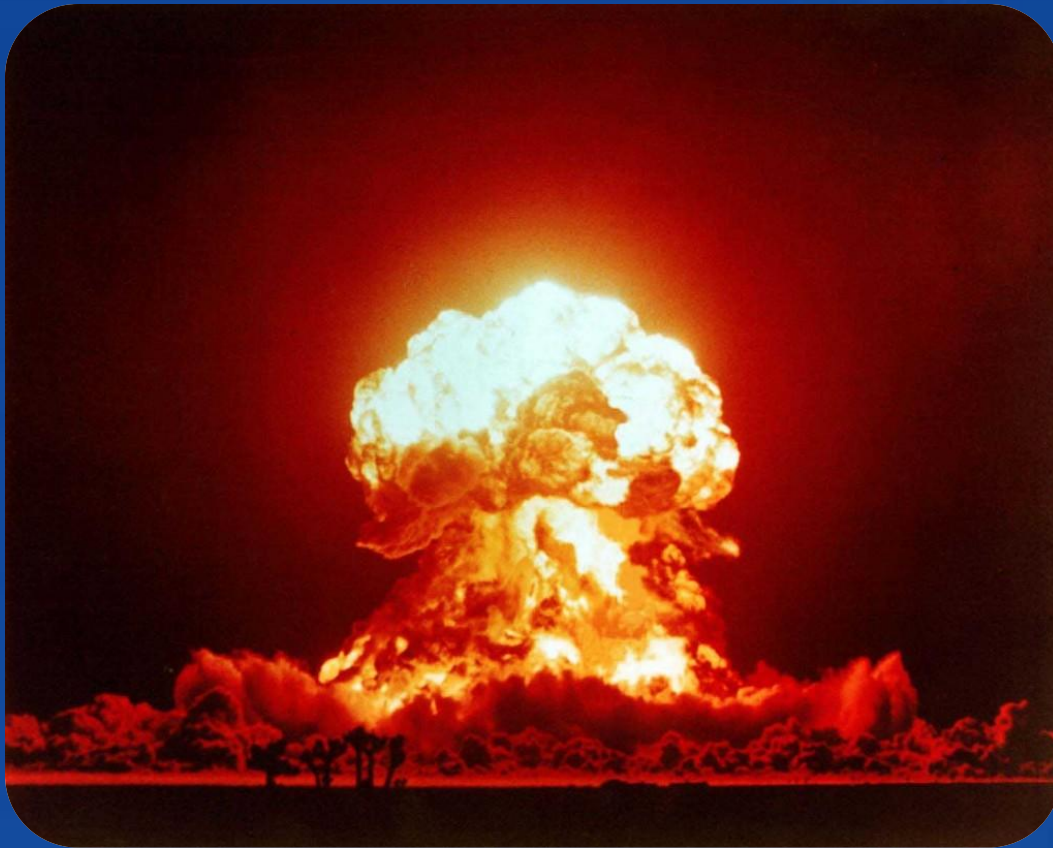
THE RISK OF AN UNCONTROLLED SOCIAL MEDIA INTERNET PLATFORM.



1. ALLOWS SOCIAL MESSAGING.
2. ALLOWS GROWING CELLS AND THREATS TO EMERGE.
3. ALLOWS GROUPING OF LIKE MINDED POEPLA.
4. INCLUDING GROUPING OF CYBER EXTREAMIST.



CYBER TERROR IS THE NEW LANGUAGE OF WAR!



COMBINED WITH SOCIAL MEDIA



It's a
recipe for
disaster



TYPES OF THREAT ATTACKS THAT ARE USED BY CYBER TERRORIST

- Stuxnet is a computer virus that was discovered in June 2010.
- Stuxnet almost ruined one-fifth of the Iranian nuclear centrifuge by spinning out of control while simultaneously replaying the recorded system values which shows the normal functioning centrifuge during the attack



Duqu



Duqu trojan built
by 'old school'
programmers,

- Duqu is a collection of computer Malware discovered on 1 September 2011, thought to be related to the Stuxnet worm.
- The Laboratory of Cryptography and System Security (CrySys Lab) of the Budapest University of Technology and Economics in Hungary discovered the threat, analyzed the malware, and wrote a 60-page report.



DUQU HAS THE CAPACITY !



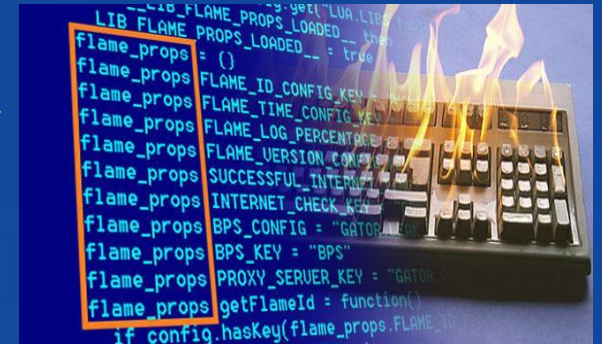
Duqu trojan built
by 'old school'
programmers,

- Duqu has the capacity to steal digital certificates to help future viruses appear as secure software.
- Duqu's replication methods inside target networks remain unknown, however due to its modular structure, a special payload could theoretically be used in further cyber-physical attacks.



MALWARE KNOWN AS FLAME IS 20 TIMES THE SIZE OF STUXNET

- Flame is huge: It's about 20 times larger than Stuxnet, the malware that infected Iranian nuclear centrifuges in 2010.
- Flame - is designed to carry out cyber espionage and steal valuable information, including stored files, contact data and audio conversations,



Flame malware was jointly developed by the U.S. and Israeli governments in preparation for a cybersabotage campaign



GAUSS WAS DESIGNED TO STEAL SENSITIVE INFORMATION.



- Gauss was designed to steal sensitive information and was discovered during the ITU investigation into Flame.
- It is believed that the malware has been operating since September 2011 and was uncovered in June 2012.



IT'S NOT IF, BUT WHEN IT HAPPENS !

Keep IT Secret.

RightsWATCH
data-centric security

50,000,000

Largest Security Breaches

Kirkwood Community College



CYBER TERRORISM

Political and Economic Implications



CYBER-TERRORISM

What is the Political
and Economical
Implications if
ignoring this threat



A GLOBAL CYBER ACCESS PROVIDES TOOLS FOR TERRORIST !

Last Year computer hackers hacked the Twitter account of The Associated Press and sent a tweet stating that there had been two explosions at the White House and that President Barack Obama was injured. Within two minutes, the stock market dropped by 143 points. The Syrian Electronic Army later claimed credit for the attack.



THE RISKS!

As the world begins to wage warfare in currency markets and programming code, the demand has never been greater for a new international legal framework to rightfully penalize covert provocateurs for manipulating economic structures and engaging in acts of sabotage!



THE BIG PICTURE

86%
↑4%

of all websites had at least one serious* vulnerability during 2012.

of all websites had at least one serious* vulnerability during 2012.

WHATS DOES THE STATISTICS SAY ?

What was the Figure for 2013

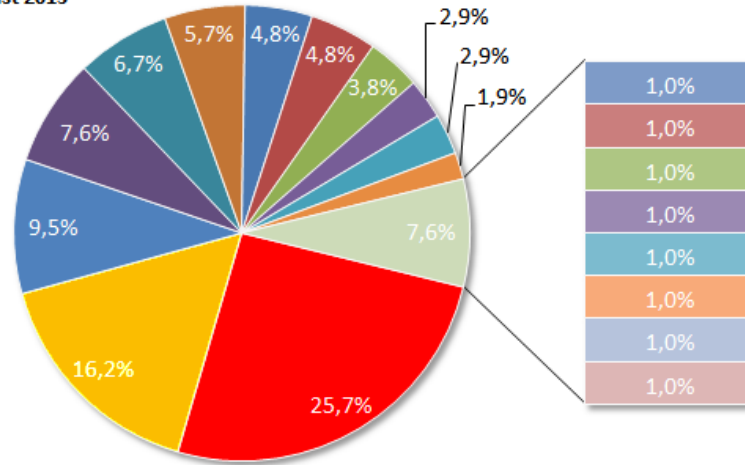
93%



SEPTEMBER 2013 CYBER ATTACKS

Distribution Of Targets

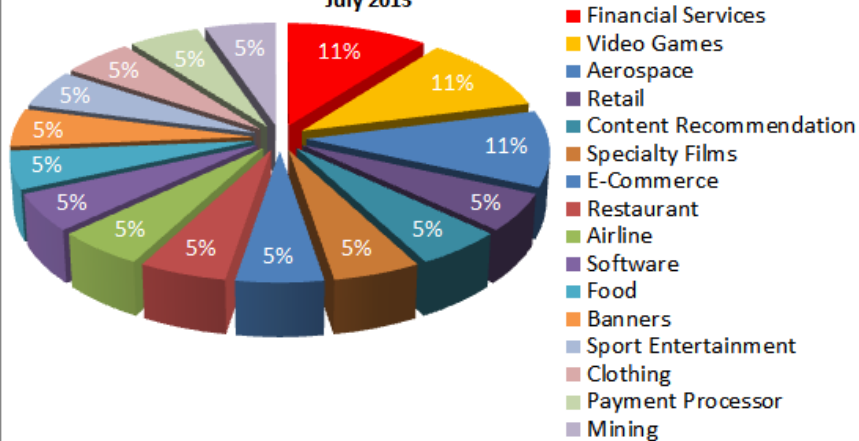
August 2013



- Government
- Industry
- Single Individuals
- Organization
- Education
- News
- Several Targets
- Internet Services
- Social Networks
- Law Enforcement
- Finance
- ISP
- Real Estate
- Broadcast
- Web Hosting
- Cloud Service Provider
- Online Services
- Military

Industry Fragmentation

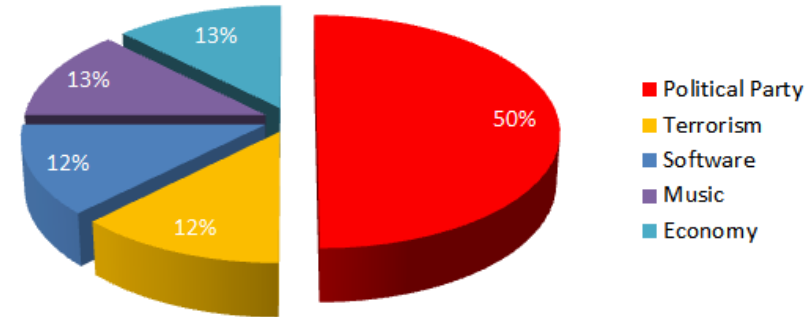
July 2013



- Financial Services
- Video Games
- Aerospace
- Retail
- Content Recommendation
- Specialty Films
- E-Commerce
- Restaurant
- Airline
- Software
- Food
- Banners
- Sport Entertainment
- Clothing
- Payment Processor
- Mining

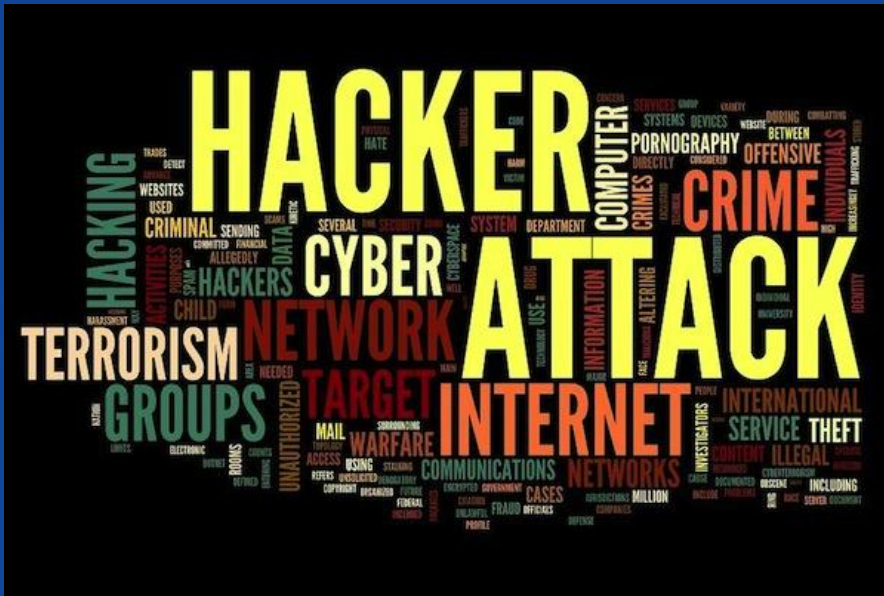
Organization Fragmentation

July 2013



- Political Party
- Terrorism
- Software
- Music
- Economy





THE MISSING LINK ?

What are we missing ?

Why ?

When did we miss it ?

Who is to blame ?

Nobody

Where did we miss it -

Internet AGE





R-T-I ?

“Real Time information
is Knowledge”

What is R-T-I ?





“HOW DOES THE WORD TRAVEL ? ”





CYBERTERRORISM

“How Real is the threat”

What is the word on the street saying ?



WHAT HAS CHANGED IN 2013?

Mar 11, 2013 - White House tells China to stop cyber attacks

Apr 23, 2013 Syrian Electronic Army (SEA)
Hacked the Associated Press

Aug. 26 2013-Chinese Internet hit by biggest cyber attack in its history

Oct 27, 2013-Israeli tunnel hit by cyber attack



Lab report

Kaspersky Lab report reported-91% of
organizations worldwide suffered at
least one cyber attack in 2013





ICS-CERT

INDUSTRIAL CONTROL SYSTEMS CYBER EMERGENCY RESPONSE TEAM

ICS-CERT ADVISORY

ICSA-11-082-01—ECAVA INTEGRAXOR UNAUTHENTICATED SQL VULNERABILITY

March 23, 2011

ICS Alert

The ICS-Cert, which monitors attacks on computer systems that run industrial processes issued an alert and said "The government was "highly concerned about hostility against critical infrastructure organizations,"



ECIPS ASSESSMENT OF 2014?

ECIPS concluded that 97% of organizations worldwide will suffer at least one cyber attack in 2014

ALARM !



WHAT'S IS AL-QAIDA DOING?

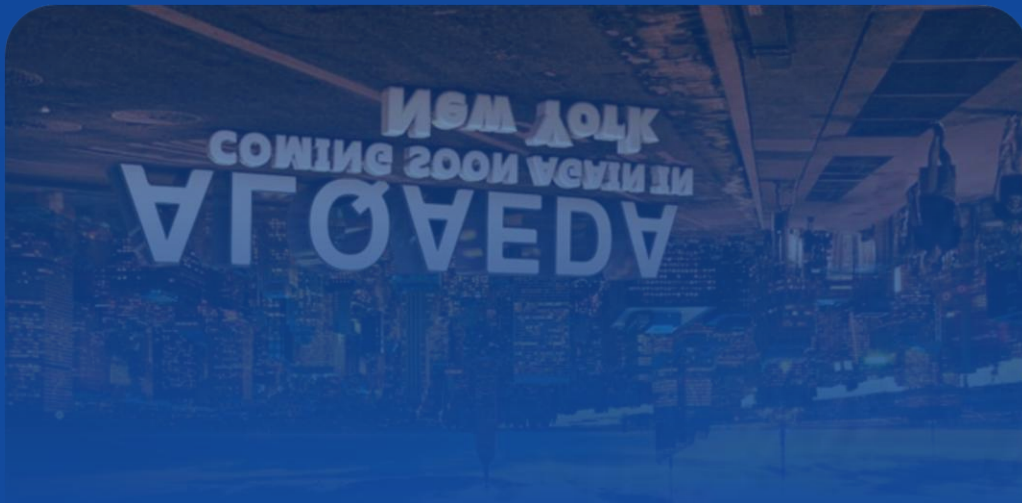


Waiting!
Or Adapting
?



How will Al-Qaida Visit NY?

Are they not
already in NY,
Paris, London
Bruxelles ?





Terrorist Knows !

- The spotlight falls on information gathering,
- The lack of information from the streets, at your fingertips, actionable in *real time*, with *real results*.
- If we had Real Time Information at our finger tips, then Benghazi would not have happened, the Arab Spring would not have the hold of the Middle East as it does today. Iraq, Syria, Turkey and Iran would be settled and stable, instead of rocking all our worlds.





THE WARNING SIGNS ARE WRITTEN
ON THE WALLS OF OUR TIME !

The real danger is
just around the corner
if we are not able to
create a strong
defense against cyber
attacks !



Quantum Computing Market

\$26 Billion
in 2015-2020
CAGR 10.4%

CAGR 10.4%
in 2015-2020
\$26 Billion

AGE OF THE "QUANTUM TERRORIST"

The age of the
"Quantum Terrorist"
Has arrived !



THANK YOU !



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